§ 13.23

§13.23 Notice of denial.

Whenever an application for a certificate of label approval, certificate of exemption from label approval, or distinctive liquor bottle approval is denied, a Product Compliance Branch Specialist must issue to the applicant a notice of denial on ATF Form 5190.1, entitled "ATF F 5100.31 Correction Sheet," briefly setting forth the reasons why the label or bottle is not in compliance with the applicable laws or regulations. The applicant may then submit a new application for approval after making the necessary corrections.

§13.25 Appeal of qualification or denial.

(a) Form of appeal. If an applicant for a certificate of label approval, certificate of exemption from label approval, or distinctive liquor bottle approval wishes to appeal the qualified approval or denial of an application, the applicant may file a written appeal with the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, within 45 days after the date of the notice of qualification or denial. The appeal should explain why the applicant believes that the label or bottle is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. If no appeal is filed within 45 days after the date of the notice of qualification or denial, the notice will be the final decision of ATF.

(b) Informal resolution. Applicants may choose to pursue informal resolution of disagreements regarding correction sheets or qualifications by requesting an informal conference with the Specialist or the Chief, Product Compliance Branch. However, formal administrative appeals must comply with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section.

§13.26 Decision after appeal of qualification or denial.

(a) Decision. After considering any written arguments or evidence presented by the applicant, the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, must issue a written decision to the applicant. If the decision is that the qualified approval or denial should stand, a copy of the application, marked "appeal denied," must be returned to the applicant with an explanation of the

decision and the specific laws or regulations relied upon in qualifying or denying the application. If the decision is that the certificate of label approval, certificate of exemption from label approval, or distinctive liquor bottle application should be approved without qualification, the applicant should resubmit ATF Form 5100.31 and the certificate will be issued.

(b) Time limits for decision. Within 90 days of receipt of an appeal, the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, must notify the appellant whether the appeal has been granted or denied. If an applicant requests an informal conference as part of an appeal, as authorized in §13.71, the 90-day period will begin 10 days after the date of the conference to allow for consideration of any written arguments, facts or evidence submitted after the conference. The Chief, Product Compliance Branch, may extend this period of time once by an additional 90 days if he or she finds that unusual circumstances require additional time to consider the issues presented by an appeal. If the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, extends the period, he or she must notify the applicant by letter, briefly explaining the issues presented by the label. If the appellant receives no decision from the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, within the time periods set forth in this paragraph, the appellant may appeal as provided in §13.27.

(c) Judicial review. Prior to applying to the Federal courts for review, an applicant must first exhaust his or her administrative remedies, including the appeal rights set forth in this section and §13.27.

§13.27 Second appeal of qualification or denial.

(a) Form of appeal. The decision of the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, may be appealed in writing to the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, within 45 days after the date of the decision of the Chief, Product Compliance Branch. If the decision is that the qualified approval or denial was correct, a copy of the application, marked "appeal denied," must be returned to the applicant, with an explanation of the decision and the specific laws or regulations relied upon in

qualifying or denying the application. If the decision is that the certificate of label approval, certificate of exemption from label approval, or distinctive liquor bottle application should be approved without qualification, the applicant may resubmit ATF Form 5100.31 and the certificate will be issued.

(b) Time limits for decision. Within 90 days of receipt of an appeal, the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, must notify the appellant whether the appeal has been granted or denied. If an applicant requests an informal conference as part of an appeal, as authorized in §13.71, the 90-day period will begin 10 days after the date of the conference to allow for consideration of any written arguments, facts or evidence submitted after the conference. The Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, may extend this period of time once by an additional 90 days if he or she finds that unusual circumstances require additional time to consider the unique issues presented by an appeal. If the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, extends the time period, he or she must notify the applicant by letter, briefly explaining the issues presented by the label. The decision of the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, shall be the final decision of ATF.

(c) Judicial review. An appeal to the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division is required prior to application to the Federal courts for review of any denial or qualification of an application.

[T.D. ATF-406, 64 FR 2129, Jan. 13, 1999; T.D. ATF-406a, 64 FR 10949, Mar. 8, 1999]

Subpart D—Revocations of Specific Certificates

§ 13.41 Authority to revoke certificates.

Certificates of label approval, certificates of exemption from label approval, and distinctive liquor bottle approvals, previously approved on ATF Form 5100.31, may be revoked by the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, upon a finding that the label or bottle at issue is not in compliance with the applicable laws or regulations.

§ 13.42 Notice of proposed revocation.

Except as provided in §13.51, when the Chief, Product Compliance Branch, determines that a certificate of label approval, certificate of exemption from label approval, or distinctive liquor bottle approval has been issued for a label or bottle that is not in compliance with the laws or regulations, he or she must issue to the certificate holder a notice of proposed revocation. The notice must set forth the basis for the proposed revocation and must provide the certificate holder with 45 days from the date of receipt of the notice to present written arguments or evidence why the revocation should not occur.

§ 13.43 Decision after notice of proposed revocation.

(a) Decision. After considering any written arguments or evidence presented by the certificate holder, the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, must issue a decision. If the decision is to revoke the certificate, a letter must be sent to the holder explaining the revocation of the certificate, and the specific laws or regulations relied upon in determining that the label or bottle was not in conformance with law or regulations. If the decision is to withdraw the proposed revocation, a letter of explanation must be sent.

(b) Time limits for decision. Within 90 days of receipt of written arguments or evidence from the certificate holder, the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, shall notify the appellant of his or her decision. If a certificate holder requests an informal conference as part of an appeal, as authorized in §13.71, the 90-day period will begin 10 days after the date of the conference to allow for consideration of any written arguments, facts or evidence submitted after the conference. The Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, may extend this period of time once by an additional 90 days if he or she finds that unusual circumstances require additional time to consider the issues presented by a proposed revocation. If the Chief, Alcohol and Tobacco Programs Division, extends the time period, he or she must notify the applicant by letter, along